FEBRUARY 11, 1768. THE NUMBER 873.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the latest ADVICES, FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

IN CIVITATE LIBERA LINGUAM MENTEMQUE LIBERAS ESSE DEBERE. —— *Suet.* in *Tib.* S. 28.

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From the PUBLICK LEGER.

A SINGULAR ADVENTURE.

From the memoirs of Count P——.

A novel, tranſlated from the GERMAN.

ONE night, as the Count and ſome of his aſſociates were returning home late to their lodgings from their uſual ſociety, they met a Lady who could not walk further for want of ſtrength; her features at firſt ſight made an impreſſion upon them, and ſhe was ſenſible, by their converſation, that they were not accuſtomed to reap glory in defence of innocence and virtue.

"I know not what could induce her to apply to me (ſays the Count) but ſhe proſtrated herſelf before my feet, and begged me, with tears in her eyes, to take compaſſion upon her, and to defend her honour. Her tears ſubdued our luſt. The Chevalier and myſelf offered her our protection, and told her we were ready to attend her to her apartments; but ſhe entreated us to convey her to another place of ſafety, where ſhe might ſpend the night.

"We took her to a relation of the Chevalier's, and ſhe reluctantly followed us, leſt, as ſhe feared, we ſhould violate our words. The next morning we waited upon her, and the charms with which the accompanied her thanks were unparalleled. Her aſpect, heart, her manners, proved in all the Gentlewoman.

"She was, by her own account, a linendraper's daughter, in very indifferent circumſtances; and the ſon of another linendraper, poſſeſſed of a very great property, loved her as ardently as ſhe did him, although her ſmall portion prevented their marriage.

"The mother of this beautiful girl, not being able to bear any longer her mean circumſtances, made proffers which alarmed her daughter's virtue; and the complaints, joined to the reproaches, of the latter, impoſed upon the former a laſting ſilence. At length her mother informed her that Lenoncourt (which was her ſweetheart's name) had obtained leave to marry her, and that he would wait upon her that night.

"Poor Angelica could ſcarce breathe for joy on hearing this happy news, and accordingly dreſſing herſelf as neat as her condition would permit, ſhe thought every minute an age until ſhe ſaw her beloved Lenoncourt enter the room, telling her mother that one time or other virtue always met its juſt reward.

"Amidſt her innocent pleaſures an uncouth farmer appeared in lieu of her lover, who delivered to her mother, after ſome very odd compliments, a purſe with money, and afterwards made up to Angelica, and took ſuch liberties as amazed her. She vainly ſued for aſſiſtance from her lover and parent, for this barbarous woman, her mother, committed ſo great an act of cruelty as to ſtop her mouth, in order to prevent her crying out; and the virtuous girl was in danger of being overpowered by this misfortune, when the faithful Lenoncourt came to her aſſiſtance, at whoſe approach the farmer was obliged to ſtand in his own defence; and ſhe found an opportunity, during the confuſion, to eſcape, though ſhe ſcarce had run fifty ſteps, when at the above mentioned place, where we found her, ſhe ſunk down through weakneſs and fear.

"This poor girl's ſtory was really moving, and not daring to go back to her mother, ſhe knew nobody in the world that would ſcreen her; beſides, the doubt how the quarrel ended betwixt her lover and the farmer increaſed her anguiſh.

"The Chevalier and myſelf begged her to give herſelf no uneaſineſs until we returned, and we went to Lenoncourt's parents, under the pretext of buying ſome linen, from whom we inquired into the circumſtances of the eve's adventure, and found it juſt as Angelica had informed us. A great many blows from the crowded populace had been the only reward for the wicked farmer's behaviour and mother's, for they were not accuſtomed at Paris to puniſh ſuch crimes more rigorouſly.

"The young lover's grief was a ſufficient proof to us of his ſorrow concerning the loſs of his beloved, and we made the old people his parents confeſs they themſelves were deſirous of having their ſon united to Angelica, provided ſhe had not been without a fortune.

"We therefore offered them 3000 livres as a portion for Angelica, if they would conſent to their union; through which offer we gained their approbation, without the leaſt difficulty. After which we took young Lenoncourt in our coach; and when we had concealed him in a room adjoining to Angelica's, we acquainted her with her approaching union to her lover. She reproached us for being ſo merry at her troubles, and we aſked her whether ſhe choſe to hear her happineſs pronounced from his own mouth; at which juncture, opening the door, Lenoncourt entered.

"What an agreeable ſcene was it for us to ſee the ſurpriſe of the amiable Angelica! The charming baſhfulneſs of her approaching lover, the raptures in which he declared to her his happineſs, and the virtuous modeſty with which ſhe oppoſed his tender embraces, induced us ſecretly to long to be as happy as this virtuous couple; and a ſigh ariſing in our breaſts, informed us of our being unworthy to participate of a pleaſure which virtue alone is able to feel.

"The happy lovers proved to us, in the moſt obliging words, their grateful ſenſe for our generous action; and we had never ſeen before our hearts in ſuch pleaſing raptures, amidſt the greateſt variety of debauchery, than we now beheld in theſe glorious minutes. No repentance, no ſecret reproach; but, on the contrary, the applauſe of our own conſcience rendered our joy perfect.

"How miſerable are all our vicious pleaſures, when compared to a ſingle one that rewards us for doing a meritorious act! What power muſt the charms of virtue poſſeſs in our hearts! The libertine himſelf feels it, though faintly, ſhould he peradventure forget to be vicious.

"We celebrated the nuptials a few days afterwards, between Lenoncourt and Angelica; every time they mutually embraced each other they annexed a thankſgiving to us, of which we became the prouder the more ſeldom it happened.

PARIS, *October* 30.

IT is reported that the Government intends to aboliſh ſome excluſive privileges which certain bodies of artiſts and tradeſmen enjoy, becauſe they have been found prejudicial to induſtry and trade in general. It is likewiſe ſaid that a more extenſive toleration will be granted to Proteſtants ſettled in this kingdom, and thoſe who have quitted France will be permitted to return and enjoy the ſame privileges as the Catholicks.

MOSCOW, *October* 5. The Miniſters of the Court have repeatedly declared to the deputies of the two General Confederacies of Poland and Lithuania that the Empreſs, in taking part in the affairs of the Poliſh nation, had only two objects in view, one of which is to re-eſtabliſh the Diſſidents in the poſſeſſion of their rights, the other to maintain the ancient form of government in the kingdom.

WARSAW, *October* 21. All the different bodies of Ruſſian troops are removed ſome miles from this capital, and yeſterday and this day they paſſed the Viſtula.

It is ſaid that the Biſhop of Cracow is carried through Lithuania into Ruſſia, along with the other parties arreſted. Prince de Repnen publiſhed on this occaſion a declaration, which gave riſe to the King's pronouncing a diſcourſe, in which he delivered himſelf in the following terms: "There is little knowledge required to govern a veſſel when the winds are favourable. A ſkilful pilot ſhould know how to withſtand the ſtorm without abandoning the helm. I have ſeveral times entertained the deſign, as I ſtill do, of abdicating the Crown, the burthen of which I feel, but that my love for my country made me alter my reſolution. You ought all, Gentlemen, to conſider the melancholy circumſtances which you have drawn upon us. I have conſtantly employed all my endeavours for the good of the ſtate, but few among you have aſſiſted me with your ſupport, and I find myſelf abandoned by the greater part; yet I aſſure you, if I had taken the courſe of abandoning you in my turn, you would now have found yourſelves in a miſerable ſituation."

At the ſecond meeting of the Diet, the Nuncio of Podolia declared "that when Religion and Liberty were in queſtion he feared neither impriſonment nor death."

At the third meeting, the King made a very remarkable ſpeech, and concluded with deſiring the correſpondence between the Confederation and Ruſſia might be read, when it appeared that the confederated Poles themſelves had even preſſed for the aſſiſtance of the Ruſſian troops.

LONDON.

Nov. 9. A breakfaſt was given to the friends of the Marquis of Kildare, at the Rotunda in the New Gardens, at his ſeat in Ireland, of which the following is a bill of fare:

100 rounds of beef, 100 neats tongues, 1000 ſheeps ditto, 100 baked pies, 100 ſirloins of beef, 100 geeſe roaſted, 100 turkies ditto, 100 ducks ditto, 100 pullets ditto, 100 wild fowl, 1000 French loaves, 2000 large prints of butter, 100 weight of Glouceſter cheeſe, tea, coffee, and chocolate, in abundance, 2000 ſaffron cakes, 4000 plain ditto, 50 hams, 2500 bottles of wine, and a moſt ſplendid and large pyramid of ſweatmeats in the middle of the deſſert in the center of the room; likewiſe a great number of ſtands of jelly, and a curious fountain playing, handſomely ornamented with ivy, &c.

Extract of a letter from Carmarthen, *to a Gentleman at* Glouceſter, *dated Nov.* 7.

"In my letter on Thurſday I told you that the Sheriff had received a reſpite for the famous Mr. Higgins. Several Gentlemen were conſulted, and the hand writing was ſo admirably forged that it was concluded a true one; but on further inſpection, Brecon poſt mark, as well as the London one, was diſcovered. This gave new cauſe of ſuſpicion, and the Sheriff immediately ſet off to Brecknock, to inquire of the poſtmaſter how he came by that letter. The poſtmaſter knew nothing of it. It had been put in by an unknown perſon. Thurſday the Sheriff returned, fully convinced that the reſpite was forged, and ſent his under ſheriff to Higgins to inform him of it, and to bid him prepare, for he ſhould proceed in the execution of his warrant on Saturday. Higgins received this meſſage with inconceivable inſolence, treated the Sheriff with the moſt abuſive language, for preſuming to inquire into what was ſo evident a truth.

"When a Gentleman preſſed him to make ſome confeſſion, he declared that he never would to the laſt moment, and that he would ſuffer himſelf to be torn in pieces before they ſhould take him to the place of execution. Several of our clergy have made him very kind offers of their ſervice, but he refuſed their prayers, and bid them give their advice to thoſe who wanted it, for he did not. The divinity ſtudents of our academy went to ſee him laſt night, and gave him a very pathetick prayer to uſe in his laſt moments, which they had compoſed for the occaſion. He returned it, and bid them wipe their a—s with it.

"I have juſt ſeen him turned off. He did not make that reſiſtance he threatened. He died in a very ſullen humour, confeſſed nothing, but, as he mounted the ladder, he gave the Sheriff a letter, which he deſired might be ſent off by expreſs."

Nov. 16. A Gentlewoman in Holborn, whoſe huſband had preſented her with a ticket, put up prayers in the church, the day before drawing, in the following manner: *The prayers of this congregation are deſired for the ſucceſs of a perſon engaged in a new undertaking.*

Nov. 20. We hear 10,000 l. ſterling American debts have actually been paid off to our merchants in England, ſince the repeal of the Stamp Act.

They write from Toulon that five armed tartans are now fitting out there, by order of Court, to tranſport a body of French troops to Corſica.

Nov. 23. Some agreeable advices are ſaid to have been received on Friday from Sir James Gray, Bart. Ambaſſadour at the Court of Spain.

Letters from Lincoln inform that the number of Jews is ſo conſiderably increaſed in that city that a ſtreet there, which uſed to be called by the name of High ſtreet, is now called Jew ſtreet; that they have ſhops and ſettled dwellings there, and have erected a ſynagogue.

It is certain that the preſent patriotick Miniſtry have, during the receſs of Parliament, employed agents of proper underſtanding in huſbandry to viſit the ſeveral corn counties in this kingdom, and to report the quantity and quality of the different ſorts of grain, the conſideration of which will be the immediate buſineſs of the meeting of a certain auguſt aſſembly.

We hear that a Gentleman will ſhortly declare himſelf a candidate to repreſent the city of Weſtminſter in Parliament, who intends to ſpend fifty thouſand pounds rather than not carry the election. It ſeems he can afford to ſpend four times that ſum, and yet be very well able to ſupport the dignity of a Member of Parliament, without cringing to the Miniſtry for a place.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, *October* 25.

"Notwithſtanding the precautions taken by the King and his Miniſters to prevent the Jeſuits clandeſtinely returning to this kingdom, we are aſſured that ſeveral of them have found means to get here again. One of them was apprehended a few days ago at St. Ildefonſo, diſguiſed like a Franciſcan, and armed with a poniard and piſtols. Six hundred of thoſe fathers have eſcaped from Corſica, and many of them are returned to Spain under different diſguiſes; but all ſuch as have been diſcovered have been reconducted out of the kingdom. Upon this breach of the pragmatick ſanction of the 2d of April laſt, his Majeſty, by an ordinance of the Council of Caſtille of the 21ſt of this month, has renewed the prohibition to the Jeſuits to enter his dominions, under pain of certain death for the laicks, and perpetual impriſonment for thoſe in prieſt's orders.

"The Cardinal Archbiſhop of Toledo is baniſhed from Court; and one of his Grand Vicars is exiled to the diſtance of fifty leagues from Toledo, for having afforded an aſylum to the Jeſuits, inſtead of giving them up to juſtice."

They write from Venice that Admiral Emo was preparing to ſail with a ſtrong ſquadron of the Republick's for Tunis, to demand ſatisfaction for ſeveral rich veſſels taken by the Bey's corſairs in the Mediterranean.

Some letters from the Hague adviſe that the States of Holland have taken a reſolution to augment their marine, by ordering ſeveral ſhips of the line to be put upon the ſtocks.

They write from Paris of the 7th inſtant that M. de la Poterie, commandant of a fort at Guadaloupe when that colony was conquered by the Engliſh, and who was degraded in a council of war, is juſt reſtored to his former honours, and his croſs and ſword returned to him.

We hear from Glaſgow that Daniel Stewart of Shierglaſs, who lately abſconded for the wilful murder of Capt. Stewart, had been taken in the Iſle of Sky, in the weſt Highlands of Scotland.

Laſt week ſeveral officers in the Eaſt India Company's ſervice ſet out for Scotland, to enliſt recruits for their foreign ſettlements.

No. 3379, drawn on Thurſday laſt a prize of 20,000 l. is the property of Mr. Alder, a cooper, at Abingdon in Berks. A neighbour had wanted to purchaſe one half of the ticket of him, for which the cooper demanded 81. 4s. but the former offering no more than 81. the bargain luckily broke off, to the great advantage of the ſeller.

The 2000 l. prize, drawn laſt Thurſday, is the property of Mr. Gregory, mathematical inſtrument maker in Leadenhall ſtreet, and three other perſons.

Nov. 24. This day his Majeſty came to the Houſe of Peers, and the Commons being ſent for and come thither, his Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following ſpeech:

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"I have choſen to call you together at this ſeaſon of the year that my Parliament might have full time for their deliberations upon all ſuch branches of the publick ſervice as may require their immediate attention, without the neceſſity of continuing the ſeſſion beyond the time moſt ſuitable to my people for the election of a new Parliament; and I doubt not but you will be careful, from the ſame conſiderations, to avoid in your proceedings all unneceſſary delay.

"Nothing in the preſent ſituation of affairs abroad gives me reaſon to apprehend that you will be prevented, by any interruption of the publick tranquillity, from fixing your whole attention upon ſuch points as concern the internal welfare and proſperity of my people.

"Among theſe objects of a domeſtick nature none can demand a more ſpeedy or more ſerious attention than what regards the high price of corn, which neither the ſalutary laws paſſed in the laſt ſeſſion of Parliament, nor the produce of the late harveſt, have yet been able ſo far to reduce as to give ſufficient relief to the diſtreſſes of the poorer ſort of my people. Your late reſidence in your ſeveral counties muſt have enabled you to judge whether any further proviſions can be made conducive to the attainment of ſo deſirable an end.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

"I will order the proper officers to lay before you the eſtimates for the ſervice of the enſuing year.

"The experience I have had of your conſtant readineſs to grant me all ſuch ſupplies as ſhould be found neceſſary for the ſecurity, intereſt, and honour, of the nation (and I have no other to aſk of you) renders it unneceſſary for me to add any exhortations on this head; and I doubt not but the ſame publick conſiderations will induce you to perſevere, with equal alacrity, in your endeavours to diminiſh the national debt; while, on my part, no care ſhall be wanting to contribute, as far as poſſible, to the attainment of that moſt eſſential object, by every frugal application of ſuch ſupplies as you ſhall grant.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

"The neceſſity of improving the preſent general tranquillity to the great purpoſe of maintaining the ſtrength, the reputation, and the proſperity, of this country, ought to be ever before your eyes. To render your deliberations for that purpoſe ſucceſsful, endeavour to cultivate a ſpirit of harmony among yourſelves. My concurrence in whatever will promote the happineſs of my people you may always depend upon, and in that light I ſhall ever be deſirous of encouraging union among all thoſe who wiſh well to their country."

On the 9th of November died David Chambers, a weaver, at Hexham, aged 100 years. He was under the Duke of Marlborough in all his campaigns. In the laſt war, notwithſtanding he was upwards of 90, he again joined the army, and had the

honour to fight under Prince Ferdinand on the plains of Minden; from thence he returned again to Hexham, mounted the loom, and worked until within a little time of his death.

Dec. 2. Laſt night, at a numerous meeting of the merchants trading to North America, it was unanimouſly reſolved to recommend Barlow Trecothick, Eſq; Alderman of the ward of Vintry, to the Livery of London, as a perſon properly qualified, both as a citizen and amerchant, to be one of the Repreſentatives of this city in the enſuing Parliament.

They write from Quebec that a ſilver mine has lately been diſcovered in the neighbourhood of Governour Rogers's ſettlement at Michillimachinack, which it was expected would turn out very advantageous.

We hear that a Gentleman, who laid a great bet that a certain great cauſe would be finally determined in favour of the defendant, has offered to pay his antagoniſt one half on condition that he would drop it, which was refuſed; yet ſome perſons are of opinion that the chances are ſo equal on both ſides that one may as well loſe as the other.

Monday night, about twelve o'clock, a Gentleman walked blindfold from Mr. Carver's door in in Moorfields to the Royal Exchange, and back again, in an hour and a quarter; he was allowed an hour and a half. This whimſical bet was attended with droll conſequences; as the perſons in company loitered about, the blind Gentleman with napkins tied round his head, and a broomſtick in his hand, ſurpriſed many perſons, and was ſtopped by every watchman until he gave an account of his frolickſome wager.

On Saturday night a journeyman whiteſmith eat, for a wager of two guineas, at the Crown in Biſhopſgate ſtreet, one dozen of raw Spaniſh onions, a twopenny loaf, and a pound of Cheſhire cheeſe, and drank five quarterns of brandy.

Dec. 3. They write from Gibraltar that a Hamburger, laden with 400 barrels of gunpowder, and 90 tuns of lead, for the uſe of the Corſicans, had fallen into the hands of a Barbary corſair in the Mediterranean, and was carried into Larache.

According to ſome advices from Damaſcus, mention is made of a ſecond impoſtor, like Sabbati Sevi, who had lately been arreſted by the Turkiſh Governour of Syria, for aſſuming to himſelf the character of a great prophet, and deluding a number of Jews by pretended prophecies and revelations.

Yeſterday the remains of Lord Northampton were carried to Caſtle Aſhby, in Northamptonſhire, to be interred in the family vault at that place.

On Sunday night upwards of 30 weavers aſſembled in a body, in order to go about Long Alley, Moorfields, and other parts, to find out ſuch perſons as had work in their looms to be done at the reduced prices. They generally ſend one of their companions before to find out the perſons, which being done the whole body immediately march to the place and deſtroy every thing they meet with. By theſe riotous proceedings, ſeveral induſtrious families have been reduced to the greateſt diſtreſs.

Tueſday morning, between one and two o'clock, a body of weavers, armed with cutlaſſes, hangers, piſtols, &c. aſſembled at the end of Saffron Hill, Holborn, with an intent to deſtroy all the work in the looms of an eminent weaver near that place. They firſt ſecured all the watchmen at the different ſtands adjacent, and placed a guard over each, after which they proceeded to the houſe, where they cut away a poſt to which the door is faſtened; but the noiſe they made alarming the neighbourhood, a body of watchmen, and other peace officers, to the number of 40, were collected from diſtant parts, upon whoſe approach they thought proper to diſperſe. They fired ſeveral piſtols to terrify the people, but declared they would injure no perſon, except the above mentioned weaver, who, with a perſon he employed, were obliged to make their eſcape over the tops of the houſes.

Dec. 5. George Onſlow, Eſq; ſon of the late Speaker, and Thomas Townſhend, jun. Eſq; are both ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council.

It is ſaid that from the ſpirited remonſtrances of our Ambaſſadour at the Court of Spain the Spaniards have agreed to pay immediately the ranſom bills for the conqueſt of Manila, after deducting a third for the damage done by our troops after the capitulation.

We are likewiſe further informed that the Nabob's donation money at Bengal will be paid to the ſoldiers and ſailors, for their ſervices in India, ſome time in March next.

An evening paper, of laſt night, ſays that John Wilkes, Eſq; is landed at Dover from Flanders.

By a letter from Dublin, we are told that Mr. Latouche ſpent 300 l. a day, in entertaining his friends who ſupported his election for that city. The poll laſted fourteen days; ſo that we ſee, even in Ireland, that a ſeat in Parliament is very expenſive.

Mr. Cappadocia who had the 10,000 l. prize, in the preſent lottery, had only three tickets. The broker who bought the ticket waited on him at his country houſe, near Stanmore, and was very genteely treated by him; and had a diamond ring, worth two hundred guineas, given him as a preſent. What is very remarkable, Mr. Cappadocia, beſides a former prize of 10,000 l. alſo bought a 10,000 l. prize in a ſtate lottery, many years ago, for a correſpondent in Calais.

Mr. Foote, we are told, is to have a patent for a theatre at Bath, and it is added that he is now in that city negotiating that buſineſs.

The trial of a celebrated cauſe for *crim. con.* from which a man of diſtinction expected a divorce, is poſtponed, and it is even conjectured that the affair will be accommodated.

By a letter in town from the Count de Calenberg, at Bruſſels, we hear that the celebrated Chevalier Taylor, has been cloſely confined, and guarded at Antwerp, for 17 days; on a charge of enticing a prieſt or monk (belonging to a monaſtery) to elope, and accompany him on his travels, as his ſecretary and companion. It was the *pious* father himſelf who laid the information againſt the Chevalier, on the diſcovery of an actual intended eſcape of the ſaid father; but upon a very ſtrict inquiry into the affair, made by the interpoſition, and at the interceſſion of Count de Calenberg, the *honeſt* prieſt recanted his accuſation; in conſequence of which our Engliſh Quixote, the Chevalier, was diſcharged from his dungeon, and the *reverend* accuſer condemned to the gallies.

The fellows who laſt Sunday night, about 12 o'clock, broke into the workſhop of John Lowden, an orris weaver, in Twiſters alley, Bunhill row, and without alleging that Mr. Lowden had committed any offence, inhumanly cut and deſtroyed not only all the work in the looms, but alſo deſtroyed every loom in the ſhop; ſo that this poor induſtrious man, who has a wife and ſeven ſmall children, is thereby reduced to the moſt deplorable ſituation, having neither money, nor any means at preſent in his power, to get a ſingle ſhilling for his ſtarving family.

Yeſterday near fourſcore felons were delivered by the keeper of Newgate, in order to their being carried on board a ſhip at Blackwall to be tranſported; when two of them found means to get off their chains, and made their eſcape in the Old Bailey.

We are aſſured that his Majeſty has, out of his great and wonted goodneſs, ſignified his Royal intention of augmenting his annual bounty of 1000 l. for the relief of the poor of the cities of London and Weſtminſter.

According to a letter from Paris, dated the 10th paſt, we learn that the valet de chambre to the Chevalier D'Eon, named Le Sieur Hugonot, who has been near three years confined in the Baſtile, on account of his maſter, was lately releaſed from thence by the Duke de Choiſeul, who recompenſed this long confinement of the ſervant with a gratification of 15,000 livres, but enjoined him not to depart the kingdom, particularly not to go over to England. The letter adds that his maſter's affairs would probably ſoon be happily terminated much to his advantage, which they likely would have been long ſince, had he not oppoſed power and favour with a little too much ſpirit or reſolution; ſubmiſſion, it ſeems, being, in general, in that part of the world, more reliſhed than reaſons of juſtification.

From divers parts of Scotland we learn that ever ſince the deciſion of the famous cauſe of Hamilton and Douglas the generality of the Ladies of that country take care to be brought to bed in a more publick manner than ever was known before, or than ſeems conſiſtent with the delicacy of their ſex, the rooms in which they are delivered being often filled with as many perſons of both ſexes as they can conveniently hold, the intention of which is that there may always be witneſſes enough alive to authenticate the birth of any child whoſe title to any eſtate or legacy may be litigated on that account.

A wager of one thouſand guineas is now depending between two Noblemen, at the Court end of the town, on the iſſue of the appeal of the Douglas cauſe before the Houſe of Lords.

They write from Naples that there has been found at Preveza, a town built on the ruins of the ancient Nicopolis in Epirus, a very conſiderable treaſure, conſiſting of gold coin, rings ſet with precious ſtones, and a golden ſtatue, having on its head a crown enriched with diamonds, one of which is of ineſtimable value.

Lately were dug up in the ſhire of Angus, in Scotland, a number of antique Roman coins, of the Emperor Caligula, found by ſome labourers in ſinking a well.

Letters from Paris ſay: "Mr. Franklin, celebrated for the experiments and diſcoveries in electricity which he made in America, and carried to the utmoſt degree of perfection, was lately in this city, when the learned and ingenious flocked to ſee and to converſe with him."

It is ſaid that the provincial troops who ſerved in America the laſt war, and hitherto have had no reward of lands, as the reſt of his Majeſty's troops who ſerved there, are to have lands given them in a new government that is to be formed on the Miſſiſippi; who will not be the only troops, but great numbers alſo of the other inhabitants of the middle colonies, will immediately join General Layman, who is to be Governour, in the ſettlement, as the climate will agree with their conſtitution.

The following is privately handed about at the weſt end of the town, as an authentick extract of a letter from a noble Earl at Bath, to an eminent Commoner in London: "You aſk if returning health will induce me to think of reſuming publick buſineſs. Is it poſſible that *you* ſhould make ſuch a queſtion? What has been the whole tenour of my life? Have not my actions ever teſtified that inactivity is heterogeneous to my nature, and that with me the publick ſervice has always ſuperceded private eaſe? What but an inceſſant attendance (in the intervals of health) of the Parliamentary concerns of the nation, and an unremitting attention to the general welfare? And were Providence to bleſs me with renewed health and ſtrength, do *you* imagine me, *can* you imagine me, *capable* of forſaking my country, becauſe too many of my ungrateful countrymen have raſhly taken it into their heads that I *have* forſaken it already? Think, my friend, more highly of my PATRIOTISM. Do not ſmile at the word; for, proſtituted as it is, and has been, our language furniſhes me with no other, whoſe real meaning can ſo emphatically ſpeak *the ruling paſſion of my ſoul.*"

They write from Cadiz that a Spaniſh man of war had juſt arrived there with an Algerine corſair of 18 guns and 150 men, taken twenty leagues to the ſouthward of Cape St. Vincent, with a Spaniſh prize in tow.

The following is his Majeſty's anſwer to the addreſs of the Hon. Houſe of Commons, preſented to his Majeſty on Thurſday laſt.

GENTLEMEN,

"I return you my very ſincere thanks for your dutiful and loyal addreſs. The part you take in the late happy event in my family completes the ſatisfaction which I receive from it, and your affection to me appears equally manifeſt from the ſhare you take in the melancholy incident which we all regret, and ſerves as a conſolation to me. I ſee with pleaſure the continuance of that zeal, and true publick ſpirit, which I have long experienced in my faithful Commons, by your attention to the ſeveral objects recommended to your conſideration, and particularly to the means of providing againſt a ſcarcity of corn, and for paying the publick debt. You may depend upon my invariable attention to the happineſs and proſperity of my kingdom."

Extract of a letter from Reading, *dated Nov.* 28.

"Mr. Alder, the cooper of Abingdon, to whom the 20,000 l. prize lately fell, on his being acquainted with the good news, ſet the bells a ringing, kept open houſe, and came to the following reſolution, viz. That the meſſenger who came down, and the two Bluecoat boys who drew the prize, ſhould be handſomely rewarded; that he would give Mr. Blewitt, owner of the Abingdon machine, at leaſt a new body for his ſtage, on which ſhould be painted the Cooper's arms, together with the number of his ticket, 3379; that he would clothe all the neceſſitous of his own pariſh, and likewiſe give a couple of the fineſt fat oxen he could purchaſe to the poor of Abingdon in general, and lay out the price of theſe oxen in bread, to be diſtributed at the ſame time.

"To the ringers, in number 14, he gave liquor in plenty, and a guinea each; and calling for a wet mop, rubbed out all the ale ſcores in his kitchen. In a word, he diſplayed a noble liberallty, made every body welcome; and, what is highly to be applauded, ſhowed a charitable diſpoſition towards the relief of the poor."

"But, during all the jollity occaſioned by this event, it ſeems Mrs. Alder was in no wiſe elated, but rather thought the having ſo much money a misfortune; and ſeemed of opinion that it would have been better to have had enough to pay the brewer, and a few pounds to ſpare; for it would now certainly be their ruin, as ſhe feared her huſband would now give away all they had in the world; and indeed ſhe thought it was preſumptuous in him at firſt to buy the ticket.

"Mr. Alder, before this acquiſition of fortune, kept a little publick houſe, the ſign of the Mitre, in the Stert, Abingdon; was himſelf by trade a cooper, as is his ſon, which is all the family he has living; and there is but one grandchild."

Thurſday an apprentice to an apothecary in the Borough, croſſing Clapham Common, was attacked by a highwayman, who demanded his money: "Sir, replied the lad, I have no "money; but if you'll pleaſe to accept of a *draught* or two "(producing a baſket of medicines at the ſame time) you are "welcome." The highwayman then rode off, laughing at this witty reply.

ST. JAMES, *Dec.* 1. Laſt night the ceremony of the chriſtening of the young Prince was performed in the great Council Chamber, by the Lord Biſhop of London. His Royal Highneſs was named Edward. The ſponſors were his Serene Highneſs the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick, repreſented by the Earl of Hertford, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſehold; his Serene Highneſs Prince Charles of Mecklenburg Strelitz, repreſented by the Earl of Huntingdon, Groom of the Stole; and her Royal Highneſs the Landgravine of Heſſe Caſſel, repreſented by the Dutcheſs of Hamilton, one of the Ladies of her Majeſty's Bedchamber.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint his Grace Auguſtus Henry Fitzroy Duke of Grafton, the Right Honourable Frederick North, commonly called Lord North, George Onſlow, Pryſe Campbell, and Charles Jenkinſon, Eſqrs. to be his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for executing the office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer.

CHELMSFORD, *October* 30. Saturday laſt an inquiſition was taken at Boreham on the body of Mr. Alliſon of that place, who on the Thurſday before died in great agonies, by taking a paper of arſenick, through miſtake, for one of ſalts. The circumſtances attending this accident were as follow: John Perrin, a ſervant in the houſe where the deceaſed lived, having ſome ſhort time before heard the deceaſed ſay he would take ſome ſalts, and Perrin knowing there were ſeveral parcels left about the houſe, when he and ſeveral others were inoculated, looked upon the ſhelves, and found a paper of powders, which he thought to be ſalts, and gave it to the deceaſed as ſuch, but the deceaſed did not take it until the Sunday. Juſt after Mr. Richardſon, a farmer in that neighbourhood, came to ſee the deceaſed; and upon aſking how he did, Mr. Richardſon was told by him that he had juſt taken ſome phyſick (as he called it) and Mr. Richardſon inquiring where he got it, was informed that it was taken from a ſhelf adjoining to the pewter ſhelves. Mr Richardſon immediately recollected that a few months ago he had bought three pennyworth of rattbane, or arſenick, to kill rats, and had tied up what he did not uſe and put it on that very ſhelf, and upon ſearching found it was gone. From this, and other ſymptoms, it appeared that Mr. Alliſon was poiſoned; and although every poſſible means were immediately uſed, he languiſhed until the Thurſday as above, and then expired in the greateſt agonies.

EDINBURGH, *Nov.* 7. By Mr. Smeaton's ſecond report relating to the practicability and expenſe of making a navigable canal from the Forth to the Clyde, a canal ſeven feet deep, and fifty two wide at top, will coſt 147,337 l. ſterling.

PHILADELPHIA, *Jan.* 21.

Extract of a letter from London, *Nov.* 14, 1767.

"Lord Chatham they ſay is greatly recovered, and propoſes to come ſoon from Bath to his old ſtation at Hayes, which has now re-purchaſed from the perſon he had lately ſold it to. If he once more embarks in the political machine, as it is moſt likely he will, we ſhall have ample room for ſpeculation, in comparing his paſt and his future conduct."

Extract of a letter from London, *to a Gentleman in* New York, *dated Nov.* 17, 1767.

"I have the pleaſure to let my countrymen know that, from a converſation with Lord N---h this day, I hope the Parliament will not take up the affair of your not paſſing an act (exactly conformable to the billeting act) with any warmth; but it is probable the Government will reſt ſatisfied with what your Aſſembly has done, in voting the ſum to the General for that purpoſe. This I own is comfort, and is the principal inducement for troubling you, or taking the chance of this meeting the packet at Falmouth."

Our other advices, in general, from private letters by the packet, are: "That Lord Chatham was much recovered in his health, but that time muſt ſhow whether he would be able to do any more buſineſs. That the Miniſtry had carried their points, but ſome by ſmall majorities, as the oppoſition was very potent. That all parties (though ever ſo oppoſite) had agreed in oppoſition. That ſince the Parliament was up overtures had been made to ſtrengthen the Adminiſtration, when it was ſeen the oppoſition could by no means agree about men to come in; and yet (ſuch was the combination) neither would come in alone. That the G---v----s and the R-----gh--s, the makers and repealers of the Stamp Act, could never agree in any thing but oppoſition; and if they were to ſucceed, and overturn the Miniſtry, they muſt ſeparate at once. And that if the preſent Adminiſtration have the full confidence and ſupport of the Crown, it was thought they would ſtand, and be much ſtronger in the next Parliament than this."

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 11.

THE publick were informed in the laſt week's paper that there was the greateſt reaſon to believe the further progreſs of the ſmallpox in this city would be prevented, and it is with pleaſure that we think we can now inform them that the ſame is entirely eradicated. All poſſible care is taken, under the inſpection of the Magiſtrates, to cleanſe the houſes where the infected were, and to ſecure the clothes, and other things, in which any infection might poſſibly remain.

The above may be depended on.

JAMES COCKE, Mayor.

Arrived in Hampton road, from London, the Lord Baltimore, Mitchell, in 7 weeks, and the Baltick Merchant, Livingſton; they go to Rappahannock. The John and Samuel, Greig, from the ſame port, for Maryland, is put into Hampton likewiſe. The Peggy, Younghuſband, from Liverpool, the Betſey and Hannah, Webb, from Briſtol, and the Albany, Tucker, via Barbados, from Glaſgow, are arrived in James river.

ARRIVALS *from* VIRGINIA.

The Elizabeth and Mary, Donaldſon, Good Intent, Hubbard, Rachel and Mary, Anderſon, Madeira Packet, Innes, Nautilus, Boyes, Bleſſing Succeſs, Morriſon, Liberty, Outram, Planter, Carr, ———, Waterman, and Ruſſia Merchant, Carnaby, at London; Sarah, Drew, and York, Meriwether, at Briſtol; Janet, Parry, Tom, Clark, Betſey, Atkinſon, John, Breakhill, and Marlborough, Quiney, at Liverpool.

Capt. Eſthen was to ſail in a few days after Capt. Mitchell.

On the 24th of January, in latitude 24: 30 N. and longitude 52 W. from London, Captain Mitchell ſpoke the ſloop Belleiſle, from Madeira, bound to Boſton, in great diſtreſs, having been out 110 days. After ſupplying her with neceſſaries, ſhe bore away for the iſland of Antigua.

The Betſey and Hannah, Sampſon, of Briſtol, and the Dunkirk, Scott, of Glaſgow, both ſailed for Virginia in Auguſt laſt, but have not ſince been heard of.

Entered in the upper diſtrict of James *river.*

Jan. 30. Succeſs, John M'Nabb, from London, with 258 lbs. of tea, and European goods.

30. Swallow, William Pouſland, from Salem, with 25 hhds. of rum, 15 hhds. of moloſſes, 3 hhds. of loaf ſugar, 9 hhds. of Madeira wine, and 150 buſhels of ſalt.

Feb. 1. Elizabeth, Jonathan Vail, from Southhold, with 6 hhds. of rum, 100 wt. of flax, 100 wt. of cheeſe, 2 caſks of gunpowder, and 2 bags of ſhot,

2. Lilly, John Mackie, from New York, in ballaſt.

Cleared.

Feb. 1. Rae Galley, William Noble, for Glaſgow, with 185 hhds. of tobacco, 441 barrels of turpentine, 431 barrels of tar, 28 barrels of pitch, 15 bags of cotton, 5 caſks and a box of indigo, and 1120 ſtaves.

☞ TICKETS *in the Hon.* WILLIAM BYRD's LOTTERY *to be had at the Poſt Office.*

Advertiſements.

To be SOLD, *on* Monday *the laſt day of this inſtant* (Feb.) *at the* Rocky Ridge,

A parcel of valuable *Virginia* born Slaves, for ready money.

A FULL meeting of the *Ohio* Company is desired on *Thursday* the 25th of this instant, at *Stafford* court-house, on business of importance.

G. MASON, Treasurer.

TAPPAHANNOCK, *Feb.* 4, 1768.

WHEREAS Capt. ROBERT GORDON, of the *Sally*, is not now in the country, and I understand several people have not got all their goods which were shipped by him last year from *London*, I will be obliged to any (on his account) who have received any packages that do not belong to them to advise me thereof, that I may endeavour to get them forwarded to the owners; and those who have not received their goods to let me know, that I may advertise them, and endeavour to find out where they are. Mr. *Archibald Govan*, at *Aylett's* warehouse, wants a case, marked PWM in a piece, and an M on the top of the W, No. 3; and Mr. *Thomas Reid*, of *Northumberland*, a case, marked IM^c, No. 82. Any persons who have those packages I shall be glad would forward them to the owners, and I will pay the freight of them, on account of the Captain. There is a small sheeted box in my warehouse, marked LA, the L in a diamond, and several fagots of steel, without mark or number, and a good many loose bars, which the owners may have sent them on advising and sending me their bills of lading.

Mr. *Thoroughgood Smith*, of *Onancock*, acquainted me there was a bale, which he took to be rolls, in his warehouse, marked B in a diamond, No. 1, and that he wanted of his goods, one nest of gilt trunks, No. 2, 2 barrels of nails, No. 4 and 6, and one barrel of gunpowder, but mentioned no mark.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL.

To be SOLD,

TWO LOTS of LAND in *Suffolk* town, situate on the main street, and joining the publick wharf; whereon are several large warehouses, a large dwelling-house, and other conveniences. For terms apply to

Tf LEMUEL RIDDICK.

To be SOLD *at publick auction, on* Wednesday *the 9th of* March *(if fair, otherwise next fair day)*

THE LAND and PLANTATION whereon *Sterling Thornton* lately lived, in *Dinwiddie*, near *Petersburg*; also about 25 SLAVES. Credit will be allowed until the 1st of *October* next, on giving bond and security to the executors of the late *Peter Randolph*, Esq; deceased. 4

To be SOLD *by the subscriber, on* Monday *the 2d of* May, *and entered on at* Christmas *next,*

THE LAND and PLANTATION whereon Mr. *George Booker* formerly lived, in *Amelia* county, on the upper side of *Flat* creek, and adjoining Mr. *Joseph Eggleston's*, containing 573 acres, whereon is a very good dwelling-house, and all convenient out-houses, a very good apple and peach orchard, and in good order to work 3 or 4 hands. It is a very pleasant situation, the land lying as well as almost any in *Amelia* county, and is in a very good neighbourhood One third of the purchase money to be paid down; and long credit, if required, may be had for the remainder, on giving bond, with good security, to 5‖ BENJAMIN SEAWELL, Jun.

N. B. Any person inclinable to purchase before the day of sale may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, in *Brunswick*.

KING's MILL, *Feb.* 9, 1768.

RUN away from the subscriber, on *Friday* last, a Negro man named JOHNNY, though more commonly known by the name of JACK ASH. He is a short well set black fellow, has small eyes, and those generally red. It is uncertain what clothes he may have, as those he had on when he went away have been found near the water side, I suppose to prevent any inquiry, and to favour his making his escape out of the colony, as he might think I should suspect he had drowned himself. All masters of vessels are desired to be careful not to carry him out of the colony, as they may depend on being prosecuted with rigour, if it can be proved. Whoever secures him, and delivers him to me, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, if taken in this colony, and TEN POUNDS if taken in any other.

LEWIS BURWELL.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Feb.* 11, 1768.

RUN AWAY, the first of this month, a Negro man named FRANK, about 20 years of age, near 6 feet high, a raw boned but stout fellow, with a down look, and stoops a little. He has been seen at *Capahosick* ferry house, where he left his hat. He then had on a cotton jacket and breeches, the jacket with large brass buttons, but he had parted with his shoes and stockings. He wanted to cross the river, and I suppose will endeavour to get into *Middlesex*, for he was born at Major *John Robinson's* plantation, from whence he lately came. Besides what the law allows, a reward of Twenty Shillings shall be paid to any person that will deliver him to H. DIXON.

TAPPAHANNOCK, *Feb.* 1, 1768.

RUN away, the 30th of *January*, an *English* servant man named JOSEPH GREEN, a labourer, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, a fresh looking man, has curled black hair, is pitted with the smallpox, and his speech is remarkable, and will easily detect him if taken notice of; had on when he went away a white Negro cotton jacket, with a small cape and metal buttons on it, breeches of the same, an osnabrug shirt, plaid stockings, country made shoes tied with leather strings, and an old felt hat cocked. He has been seen to have paper and ink, so may probably have forged a pass. Any person who will take up the said servant, and deliver him to the subscriber, shall have 40 s. reward.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL.

YORK county, *Feb.* 9, 1768.

I HEREBY request the favour of the commanding officers of the middle district to appoint their general musters on the following days, viz.

Williamsburg,	*Tuesday*	the 8th of *March*.
James City,	*Thursday*	10.
New Kent,	*Friday*	11.
Accomack,	*Tuesday*	15.
Northampton,	*Thursday*	17.
Elizabeth City,	*Monday*	21.
Warwick,	*Wednesday*	23.
York,	*Thursday*	24.
Gloucester,	*Monday*	28.
Middlesex,	*Tuesday*	29.
King and Queen,	*Wednesday*	30.
King William,	*Thursday*	31.
Essex,	*Monday*	the 4th of *April*.
Louisa,	*Monday*	11.
Goochland,	*Wednesday*	13.
Hanover,	*Friday*	15.
Henrico,	*Monday*	18.
Charles City,	*Wednesday*	20.

At which time they may depend on my waiting upon them, to discharge my duty.

ALEXANDER FINNIE, Adjutant.

TAKEN up by the subscriber's people, about half way between *Point Comfort* and the *Eastern Shore* (which the owner may have on proving his property) a PETTIAUGER, about 24 feet and a half long, 4 feet and a half wide, and 1 foot 9 inches and a half deep; she has been raised on 6 inches, and has steps for two masts,

JOHN JONES.

TAKEN up, in *Henrico*, a middle sized light gray horse, with some remarkable reddish spots on him, branded (though not plain) on the near shoulder resembling X, and on the near buttock X.

SAMUEL DU VAL.

To be SOLD, *on* Tuesday *the 1st of* March *next, at* Layton's *warehouses, in* Essex *county,*

THIRTY choice VIRGINIA born SLAVES,

belonging to the estate of Mr. *William Brooke*, deceased. Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond and good security to the executors, or

RICHARD HIPKINS.

N. B. Five per cent. discount for ready money.

KING WILLIAM Court-House, *Feb.* 1, 1768.

THIS is to acquaint the publick that I have removed to this place, where they may depend upon the best entertainment, good stabling, and pasturage. My chief motive for advertising is the indifferent manner it has been kept for some time past, which they may depend they will now find otherwise, from Their humble servant,

HOLT RICHESON.

To be SOLD, *pursuant to a decree of the Worshipful Court of* New Kent *county, on* Monday *the 15th of this instant* (Feb.) *at the plantation of Mr.* Thomas Rawson, *in the said county,*

SEVERAL very likely VIRGINIA bo[illegible] SLAVES,

consisting of two fellows, one a fine ditcher and waterman, two very fine lads, an exceeding fine wench and girl, and some children; stock of cattle, sheep, &c. and sundry household goods. Also 150 acres of land, situate very near the court-house and *Pamunkey* river, and very convenient to church and mills. Credit will be allowed until the 10th of *June* next, the purchasers giving bond and approved security to the executors of Colonel *Gill Armistead*, deceased.

For SALE,

THE snow JOHN and SUSANNAH, to the highest bidder, on *Thursday* the 3d of *March*, before Mr. *James Mitchell's* door, in *York* town. The snow is 130 tuns burthen, and her materials may be seen at any time between this and the day of sale at the subscriber's, nearly opposite to *York* town. Two years credit will be allowed, the purchaser giving bond and sufficient security to

JOHN PERRIN.

GLOUCESTER, *Jan.* 31, 1768.

To be SOLD *altogether or in lots, as may best suit the purchasers, at my store in* Blandford,

ABOUT 800l. sterling worth of Goods, which the addition of a few articles would assort and make saleable, and for which a time of credit will be allowed.

All persons indebted to me of longer standing than 12 months, on open accounts, that do not pay off or give bonds for their balances by *April* General Court, may depend on being sued. As the copartnership between Mess. *Blackburn, Rumsey*, and Co. and myself, has been expired some years, I am determined to have the accounts closed. JOHN BAIRD.

N. B. I have on hand a large quantity of MUSCOVADO SUGAR for sale.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of valuable tobacco LAND, containing 519 acres, lying in *Albemarle* county, on *James* river, about 10 miles above the old court-house. There is belonging to the land about 20 acres of low grounds, and the high land is very rich; the plantation upon it is in good order for cropping, having several good tobacco houses, a dwelling-house, and other convenient out-houses, and an apple and peach orchard inferiour to none in the colony. There is likewise a pretty large copper still, well fixed, which will be sold with the land, if agreeable to the purchaser, to whom a good title will be made. For terms inquire of Mr. *Alexander M'Caul*, merchant at *Richmond*, or to the subscriber, within a mile of the premises.

6 NEILL CAMPBELL,

BRUNSWICK, JAN. 22, 1768.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are desired to make payment before the 20th of *February* next, otherwise their accounts will be put into an attorney's hands, without further notice. Mens clothes, roquelaures, hussar cloaks, Ladies riding habits, josephs, &c. made in the newest fashion, and completest manner, for ready money only, by Their humble servant,

THOMAS LLEWELLIN.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's yard in the town of *Blandford*, *Prince George* county, in the night of the 29th of *December* last, a sorrel horse, bridle, and saddle. The horse was about 6 or 7 years old last spring, about 14 hands high, with a hanging mane on both sides of his neck, being long since he has been trimmed, switch tail, goes remarkably wide behind, trots rough, branded on the near buttock RG or RC, and I believe has some mark of the harness on his breast or shoulders, being lately broke to work; he is half blooded, and throws his head very high when he gallops. Whoever secures the said horse, so that I may get him again, shall have 20 s. reward; or if taken more than 50 miles off 40 s. and on conviction of the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, 5 l. JOHN BUTLER.

COMMITTED to the Publick Gaol of *Halifax*, in *North Carolina*, the 25th day of *December* last, a likely country born Negro man, of a yellowish complexion. He was committed by the name of JAMES, but since he came to gaol says his name is PETER, and that he belongs to Mr. *James Johnston* in *Spotsylvania* county, *Virginia*. The owner may have him on proving his property, and paying charges, of

CHRISTOPHER DUDLEY.

TAKEN up, in *Sussex*, a large black roan horse, with several large white spots on his back, and branded on the near buttock resembling a diamond; posted, and appraised to 5 l.

BENJAMIN ARRINGTON.

THE subscriber, finding it impossible to do justice to his creditors without disposing of his estate, and very difficult to sell it for near its value, proposes to dispose of the same by way of LOTTERY, and hopes to be countenanced and encouraged by the publick, as his misfortunes were not occasioned by any want of industry, but by accidents, and his too hospitable, friendly, and generous temper, which all his acquaintance can testify; and the adventurers will have the pleasure of affording some relief to a distressed, but deserving family. The scheme is as follows:

Prizes	*Value.*	
1 of	L.400	To consist of 300 acres of land, in the county of *New Kent*, whereon the subscriber now lives, with a plantation in good order for cropping, a dwelling-house with four rooms below and two above, and sundry valuable out-houses, all in good repair, within a mile of several good landings on *Chickahominy* river.
1 of	200	To consist of a tract of 200 acres of land, adjoining the former, with a plantation, a dwelling-house, and a large peach orchard, thereon.
1 of	185	To consist of a tract of land adjoining the last, containing 185 acres, with a house and plantation thereon.
1 of	120	A Mulatto fellow named *Davy*, about 33 years old, a good carpenter.
1 of	100	A Negro man named *Cæsar*, a good brick-maker and sawer, about 32 years old.
1 of	80	A Negro man named *George*, about 22 years old, a good sawer and carter.
1 of	70	A Negro lad named *Joe*, about 15 years old, very likely.
1 of	67	A Negro woman named *Lucy*, used to work in the house and in the field, about 27 years old.
1 of	50	A Negro woman named *Moll*, about 39 years old; a good cook, and can do all kinds of house work.
	L.	
2 of	30	60 A Negro boy named *Toney*, about 6 years old, very likely.
		A Negro woman named *Kate*, about 50 years old, a good spinner and washer.
1 of		25 A Negro boy named *Squire*.
4 of	20	80 A double chair, and harness for two horses.
		A bay horse with a bald face, called *Ball*, a very good riding horse.
		A black horse with a white face, 6 years old, a good saddle horse, and works well.
1 of		A large young black mare, draws well.
3 of	10	30 A neat black walnut desk and book-case.
		3 Beds, bedsteads, sheets, blankets, and coverlets, at 10 l. each.
2 of	8	16 A new large copper kettle.
		A sorrel horse called *Briton*, a good work horse.
4 of	7:10	30 3 Beds, bedsteads, sheets, blankets, and coverlets, at 7 l. 10 s. each.
		2 Neat fowling pieces, at do.
17 of	5	85 4 To consist of cattle, to be valued by three indifferent men.
		2 To consist of sheep, to be valued in the same manner.
		2 To consist of hogs, to be valued in the same manner.
		4 To consist of household furniture, to be valued in the same manner.
		1 A silver watch.
		1 Of two black walnut tables, one very large, and a large hair trunk.
		1 To consist of pewter, to be valued.
		1 To consist of six good black walnut chairs, and an arm chair.
		1 To consist of two neat tumbrels, well fixed.
	L.1616	

43 Prizes.
679 Blanks.

722 Tickets at *L.*5 each, is *L.*1610.

The above LOTTERY is to be drawn at *New Kent* court-house on the last *Monday* in *June* next, under the management of Mess. JOHN ARMISTEAD, WILLIAM CLAYTON, JOHN LEWIS, JOSEPH HORNSBY, and BARTHOLOMEW DANDRIDGE; of whom tickets may be had, and of the subscriber,

RICHARD GRAVES.

TAKEN up, in *Suſſex*, a brindled cow, marked with a ſlit and overſlope in the right ear, and a ſlit in the left; poſted and appraiſed to 25 s.

HENRY TUDER, Jun.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, on *Fiſhing* creek, in *Edgcumbe* county, *North Carolina*, containing about 2200 acres, known by the name of *Governour's Branch*, otherwiſe *Mead's* quarter. There is as good range for hogs and cattle as any in the county, and a very good ſtream for a mill. It will be ſold in parcels, to ſuit the convenience of purchaſers. For particulars inquire of Mr. *Blake Baker* near *Halifax*, Mr. *Driver* at *Suffolk*, or Mr. *Lewis Hanſford* in *Norfolk*. ‖

To be SOLD, *and entered upon immediately*,

TWO PLANTATIONS in *Nanſemond* county, one adjoining *Suffolk* town, beautifully ſituated on the river, with a wharf and large warehouſe, and contains 300 acres.

The other within a mile of the former, has plenty of various kinds of timber, adjoins Col. *Riddick's* lands, and contains 310 acres.

For terms apply to Mr. *James Gibſon*, merchant in *Suffolk*.

JOHN REID.

For SALE,

PIG, BAR, and CAST IRON, on reaſonable terms, juſt below *Newpoſt*, on *Rappahannock* river.

WANTED, a quantity of CORN, for which either of the above articles may be had on receipt of the corn, caſh at the *June Oyer* court, or ſuch bills of exchange or bills of loading for iron ſhipped as I ſhall receive.

About *April* will be wanted a large, ſtrong, tight VESSEL, fit for the bay, well found, with good anchors, cables, ſails, &c. and a good navigator, as no delays can be admitted of, on account of the immediate want of the ore to melt this ſpring and ſummer.

A large quantity of OYSTER SHELLS wanted, for which ready money, dry goods, or iron, may be had. The greateſt punctuality may be depended on, as I am empowered by articles entered into with the Hon. *Preſly Thornton*, Eſq; and *William Hackley*, Eſq; of *Somerſet*, to cover all my engagements prior to the payment of any debt, therefore I ſhall expect punctuality with all thoſe I have any concerns with.

JOHN HOLLADAY.

HANOVER, JAN. 23, 1768.

THE ſubſcriber intending to leave this colony in a few months, deſires that all perſons indebted to the ſtore kept by him at Major *John Boſwell's* will immediately come and ſettle their accounts, either by diſcharging the ſame or giving bonds. This requeſt he flatters himſelf will, to all concerned, appear reaſonable and neceſſary, in order to obviate any diſputes that may hereafter ariſe with his ſucceſſour. For this purpoſe he will continue his reſidence at Major *Boſwell's* until the firſt day of *March* next, in which time he hopes that all due regard will be paid to this advertiſement. The ſtore will be continued to its uſual extent by Mr. *William Donald*, and the ſame indulgence as has been cuſtomary may be from him expected.

HUGH M'MEKIN.

5

GEORGE III. by the grace of GOD, of *Great Britain*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To Richard Figures and Rebekah his wife, and Nathaniel Hicks and Charity his wife, which ſaid Rebekah and Charity are two of the ſiſters and coheirs of Robert Watkins, deceaſed: We command you to appear before the Juſtices of our county court of Surry, in chancery, at the court-houſe of the ſaid county, on the third Tueſday in February next, to anſwer a bill in chancery exhibited againſt you, and Thomas Bage and Elizabeth his wife, and Thomas Bailey, Gent. adminiſtrator, with the will annexed of the ſaid Robert Watkins, by William Clinch, William Clinch, adminiſtrator, &c. of Philip Clinch, deceaſed, James and Hugh Belſches, James Belſches, aſſignee of Benjamin Harriſon, James Belſches, adminiſtrator, &c. of William Royle, deceaſed, John Debreaux, and James Buchanan and Co. and this they ſhall in no wiſe omit, under the penalty of 100 l. each. Witneſs WILLIAM NELSON, Clerk of the ſaid court, at the court-houſe aforeſaid, the 20th day of January, 1768, in the 8th year of our reign.

WILLIAM NELSON.

DECEMBER 10, 1767.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, four convict ſervant men, named WILLIAM ALEXANDER, EDWARD WILLIAMS, HENRY JOHNSON, and GEORGE M'KEY, all of them *Engliſhmen*. *Alexander* is about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, and much pitted with the ſmallpox; had on when he went off a blue coat with metal buttons, red ſcarlet jacket, and red pluſh breeches; he appears to a ſtranger at firſt view to wear a ſober face, and talks but little. *Williams* is about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a fair complexion, wore a light coloured wig, fine hat, with a black riband and metal buckle round the crown, a blue ſurtout or *Newmarket* coat, a claret coloured coat and jacket, buckſkin breeches, and very bad ſhoes. *Johnſon* is about the ſame height with *Williams*, but a little darker in the complexion; he had on a blue *Newmarket* coat with a large cape to it, jacket and breeches of the ſame colour, double breaſted, and trimmed with black horn buttons; he has a large ſcar on his head, talks much, coarſe, and hoarſe, and is very quarrelſome when drunk. *M'Key* is about 5 feet 3 inches high, of a fair complexion, well looked, and very briſk, lively, and full of ſpirit; had on a *Dutch* cap, a ſmall old brown wig, a white duffil jacket with lappels, and a flannel jacket under it, a pair of light coloured everlaſting breeches, new ſhoes, and odd buckles in them. As they have robbed the reſt of the ſervants of ſundries, they may change their dreſs. Whoever apprehends the above ſervants, and delivers them to Mr. *James Anderſon* at *Port Micou*, Mr. *William Woddrop* at *Hobb's Hole*, or to the ſubſcriber at *Frederickſburg*, ſhall receive 5 l. reward.

ROBERT PHILLIPS.

TAKEN up, in *Goochland*, a bay horſe, about 15 or 16 years old, with a hanging mane and bob tail, ſhod before, has a very ſore back, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded, but not diſcernable; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

WILLIAM HODGES.

‖

WILLIAMSBURG, JAN. 27, 1768.

LOST or STOLEN, at the houſe of *George Lafong*, in this city, a SILVER WATCH, with a ſilver dialplate, having the words *Clark*, *London*, engraven thereon. Whoever can give ſuch intelligence concerning the ſaid watch as ſhe may be had again ſhall have 20 s. reward, if loſt; and if ſtolen, 40 s. on conviction of the thief, paid by *Robert Nicolſon*.

WILLIAM M'ELDOE.

TAKEN up, in *Goochland*, a ſorrel horſe, about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, about 10 or 11 years old, with a bob tail, a blaze face, white feet, and branded on the near ſhoulder, but not diſtinguiſhable; poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l.

HENRY GRAY.

‖

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a bay mare, about 4 feet and a half high, with a long mane and tail, a white face, the white moſt on the left eye, glaſs eyes, has white feet, the fore feet white as high as the footlocks, and the hind feet as high as the hacks, ſlits in both ears, and branded on the buttock ꝶꝶ; poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l.

MATTHEW TURPIN.

4

ESSEX, JAN. 21, 1768.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, laſt *Chriſtmas* twelvemonth, a Negro fellow named TOM, about 24 years old, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, a likely well made fellow, has middling large hands and feet, full faced, and very black; had on when he went away ſuch clothing as labouring Negroes uſually have, though it is likely he may have changed his clothing and name, and endeavour to paſs for a freeman, as I have been informed he has frequently gone up and down the rivers in veſſels belonging to Mr. *William Meredith* of *King and Queen* county, who has Negro ſkippers on board his veſſels.

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and conveys him to the ſubſcriber in *Hobb's Hole*, ſhall have 40 s. if taken in *Eſſex* county, if in any other county 3 l. and if out of the colony 5 l.

WILLIAM PORTER.

N. B. All perſons are forewarned from entertaining the ſaid Negro.

To be SOLD, *on twelve months credit*,

ABOUT 20,000 acres of LAND, in *Amherſt* county, to which an indiſputable title will be made, and laid off in lots as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the executors of *Philip Grymes*, Eſq; deceaſed, and lives in *Amherſt* county) or to

Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX, Jun.

To be SOLD, *and entered upon immediately*,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *King William* county, pleaſantly ſituated on *Mattapony* river, whereon Col. *Thomas Moore* now lives, containing 500 acres, to which is added about 40 or 50 acres of marſh, which produces good hay, and is capable of great improvements. On the plantation is a commodious brick houſe two ſtories high, handſomely wainſcotted, with four rooms on a floor, two of them with a large paſſage, four large cellars and cellar paſſage, with brick partitions to the top; the out-houſes are good and large, are fit for every convenience, and in perfect repair. There is alſo on the ſaid plantation an orchard of about 2 or 300 bearing crab trees, and a large garden in good order. The land is good for either grain or tobacco, is well timbered, and is a very convenient ſituation for carrying on a *Weſt India* trade, lying in the heart of a grain country, where a veſſel of 250 tuns burthen may load oppoſite to the houſe, and has alſo the advantage of fine fiſhing and fowling. Five hundred pounds of the purchaſe money to be paid in *April* next, and for the remainder one, two, or three years credit will be allowed, as may be agreed upon, by applying to either of the ſubſcribers, in *Hanover* county.

GEORGE THOMAS,
JOHN SMITH.

Tf

SCHEME of a LOTTERY,

FOR diſpoſing of 146 LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold. The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the river, which have been ſold, not being leſs than 20 l. which is far below what was given for ſeveral near the river.

	Lots.	Val.	Rents.
Inſpection at *Page's*, five lots, at 12 years purchaſe,		L. 840	L. 70
at *Crutchfield's*, ſix lots, at do.		720	60
		L. 1560	130
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, at 20 l.	135	2700	
		L. 4260	130
237 Prizes,	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 tickets, at 10 l. each,			L. 4000

The ſaid lottery will be drawn at Mr. ANTHONY HAY'S, in Williamſburg, on the 4th *Thurſday* in *April*, 1768

Thoſe who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing to give bond, to carry intereſt from that time.

Robert Carter Nicholas, *George Wythe*, *Thomas Everard*, *John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſquires, managers, or any three, of whom tickets may be had, and of the ſubſcriber.

Tf MANN PAGE.

A SCHEME,

For diſpoſing of, by way of LOTTERY, *the* LAND *and* TENEMENTS *under mentioned, being the entire towns of* Rocky Ridge *and* Shockoe, *lying at the Falls of* James *river, and the land thereunto adjoining.*

THE advantageous ſituation of this eſtate is too well known to require a particular deſcription, though it may be neceſſary to inform the publick that the obſtructions through the Falls, and in other parts of the river above, will ſhortly be removed, and the river made navigable to the ſaid towns: The navigation will thereby be extended, and made both ſafe and eaſy for upwards of two hundred miles above the ſaid Falls, and a communication opened to the weſtern frontier of the middle colonies, whereby there will not be more than ſixty or ſeventy miles portage from *James* river to the *Ohio*; ſo that the immenſe treaſure of that valuable country muſt neceſſarily be brought to market to one or other of the aboveſaid towns, which will occaſionally raiſe the rents, and enhance the value, of the lands and tenements under mentioned, beyond the powers of conception.

	Lots.	Value.	Rents.
A double forge, a mill, with two acres and a half of land adjoining, the uſe of the landing, the canal, with ten feet on each ſide, and 2000 acres of back land, the furtheſt part of which is not more than five miles from the forge,		L. 8000	
Inſpection at *Rocky Ridge*, at 12 years purchaſe,		780	L. 65
James Lyle, his tenement, at do.		540	45
Archibald Buchanan, at do.		540	45
Alexander Stewart, at do.		510	42 10
Elizabeth Todd, at do.		480	40
Robert Gordon, at do.		90	7 10
Joſeph Hopkins, at do.		60	5
John Shackelton, at do.		36	3
James Gunn, formerly rented to *Thomas Yuille*,		540	45
Ferry on the ſouth ſide, at 20 years purchaſe, with half an acre of land on the bank,		2000	100
A fiſhery on the ſouth ſide, at 20 years do.		600	30
Number of improved lots,	12	L. 14,176	L. 428
Lots unimproved, each half an acre, to be laid off in a town convenient to the river, with publick landings, at 25 l. each,	300	7500	
The amount of lots on the ſouth ſide of *James* river, in *Cheſterfield* county,	312	L. 21,676	L. 428
Shockoe inſpection, at 12 years purchaſe,		L. 780	L. 65
Byrd's do. at do.		780	65
Watſon's, at do.		720	60
James Buchanan, at do.		720	60
Patrick Coutts, at do.		420	35
George Ellis, at do.		120	10
James M'Dowell, at do.		480	40
David Reſs, at do.		480	40
Thomas Youngbuſband, at do.		540	45
James Rozer, at do.		60	5
James Howling, at do.		60	5
John M'Keind, at do.		144	12
M'Pherſon & Menzies, at do.		420	35
James Daley, at do.		36	3
Lewis Warwick, at do.		60	5
Ferry, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Fiſhery, at 20 years do.		2000	100
Number of improved lots,	17	L. 9820	L. 685
10,000 acres of land, to be laid off in lots of 100 acres each, valued at 30 s. per acre,	100	15,000	
10 iſlands, on ſome of which are very valuable fiſheries,	10	300	
Lots unimproved, valued at 25 l. each,	400	10,000	
The amount of lots on the north ſide of *James* river,	527	L. 35,120	L. 685
The amount of lots on the ſouth ſide of do. as above,	312	21,676	428
839 Prizes.	839	L. 56,796	L. 1113
9161 Blanks.			
10,000 Tickets, at 5 l. each,			L. 50,000

The ſaid lottery will be drawn at SHOCKOE'S in *June* 1768, under the management and direction of the Hon. PRESLEY THORNTON, Eſq; PEYTON RANDOLPH, JOHN PAGE, CHARLES CARTER, and CHARLES TURNBULL, Eſquires, truſtees for the ſame, who will execute conveyances for the prizes drawn by the fortunate adventurers in this lottery. Tickets to be had of the truſtees, alſo of Col. ARCHIBALD CARY, JOHN WAYLES, and the ſubſcriber.

W. BYRD.

ALL Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER at 12 *ſ.* 6 *d.* a Year, and have ADVERTISEMENTS (of a moderate Length) inſerted in it for 3 *ſ.* the firſt Week, and 2 *ſ.* each Week after. —— *.* All Sorts of PRINTING WORK done at this Office in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition.